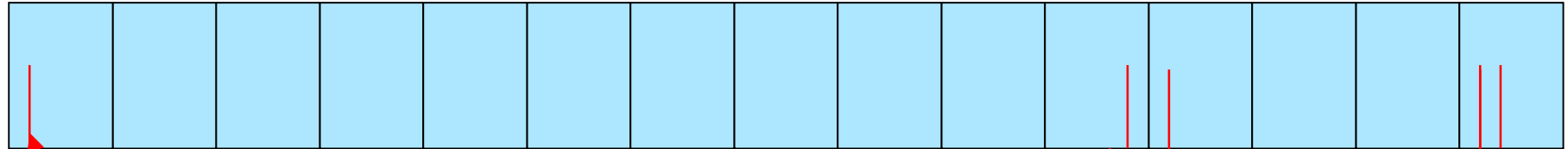


Chronology Dates of Events &

A few examples of the many Historical and Archeological discoveries that gives supporting evidence of the truthfulness of the Book of Mormon.

400 A.D. to 1900 A.D.

400 AD 500 AD 600 AD 700 AD 800 AD 900 AD 1000 AD 1100 AD 1200 AD 1300 AD 1400 AD 1500 AD 1600 AD 1700 AD 1800 AD 1900 AD



About - 421 AD

The Last event recorded in the Book of Mormon.

The Book of Mormon plates are buried in a hill (*we now, in our day call*), “Cumorah”. This hill is located in the western part of New York State.

1492 AD

Christopher Columbus discovers the Americas.

1519

Hernando Cortes enters the Aztec nation, and their capital city of Tenochtitlan – (*Old Mexico City*).

Cortes was able to, (*with the help of two interpreters*), communicate, with the Aztec people and was welcomed by the richest and most powerful ruler in all of the Americas, Montezuma.

Montezuma welcomed Cortes thinking that Cortes was the God they called Quetzalcoatl who had finally returned.

1820 AD

God calls a later-day Prophet Joseph Smith.

1823 AD

God sends Moroni, to Joseph Smith to explain the work that God wants done concerning the translation of the Book of Mormon plates into English. Joseph Smith was first shown, in vision, where the plates were buried and later “made an attempt” to take the plates.

1827 AD

Joseph Smith receives the plates.

The translation of the Book of Mormon from reformed Egyptian into English begins

1830 AD

The Book of Mormon is published for the first time in English.

1841 AD

John Lloyd Stephens traveled to Mesoamerica and published a book called “*Incidents of Travel in Central America and Yucatan*”.

This was the first significant Archeological book available and published in the United States, on various ancient ruins located in Mesoamerica.

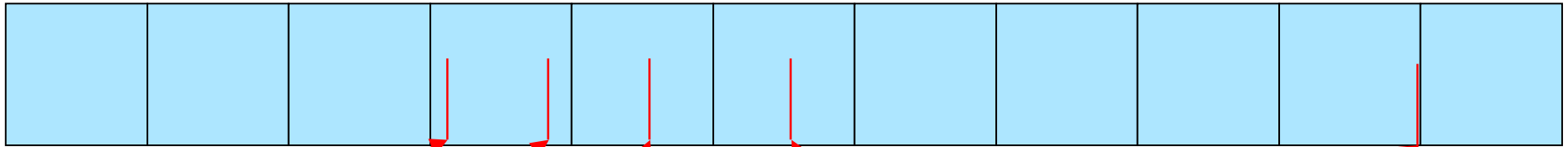
Chronological Dates of Events &

A few examples of the many Archeological Discoveries that gives supporting evidence of the truthfulness of the Book of Mormon.

1900 A.D. to 2010 A.D.

1900 AD 1910 AD 1920 AD 1930 AD 1940 AD 1950 AD 1960 AD 1970 AD 1980 AD 1990 AD 2000 AD 2010 AD

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1931

Morris, Charlot & Morris made an illustration and study of the **Temple of the Warriors at Chichen Itza Yucatan.**

These murals depicting white and dark people showing the white people being in bondage to the dark skinned people.

1939

The “Stela 5” stone was discovered. This stone carving was found at the ancient ruin city called “Izapa” in the South Western corner of Mexico.

This “Stela 5” stone has carvings on it that correlate to the Book of Mormon story of Lehi’s vision.

1947

Charles (Carlos) Frey made the discovery of murals in the jungles of the Usumacinta, a river basin near the southern borders of Mexico. This ancient city of ‘Bonampak’.

These murals are depicting dark and light-colored Indians fighting against each other.

1950’s

In an “unofficial” excavation, at the ancient city of Xochicalco, Mexico.

Two stones were found having engraved characters on them. Some of these characters match exactly, some of the “Reformed Egyptian” characters that were copied, by Joseph Smith, off of the Book of Mormon plates back in 1830.

Dr. Jesus Padilla Orozco found these and other artifacts “in a cave, where it marked a grave”.

This information was not made public at this time.

2000

Jerry L. Ainsworth published, information and pictures of two stones which have “reformed Egyptian” writings engraved on them.

These stones were (unofficially excavated back in the 1950’s), and are still “stored” as of 2010 in Mexico.

Some of the characters match exactly the characters copied from the Book of Mormon plates. (The Lives & travels of Mormon & Moroni, by Jerry L. Ainsworth)

Future

Future Archeological Discoveries will continue to be discovered that will give supporting evidence of the truthfulness of the Book of Mormon.